# Safety Data Sheet



29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

# **Benzyl Alcohol**

Version number: 1.0

#### **SECTION 1: Identification** 1.1 **Product identifier** Identification of the substance benzyl alcohol **Trade name Benzyl Alcohol CAS number** 100-51-6 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against **Relevant identified uses** Intermediate Solvents 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Valudor Products, LLC Telephone: +1 (760) 635 8500 179 Calle Magdalena Suite 100 e-mail: info@valudor.com Encinitas, California CA 92024 Website: www.valudor.com **United States** 1.4 **Emergency telephone number Emergency information** 800-535-5053 (Infotrac) As above or nearest toxicological information centre.

# SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

# 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Classification							
Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and category	Hazard state- ment			
A.10	acute toxicity (oral)	4	Acute Tox. 4	H302			
A.1I	acute toxicity (inhal.)	4	Acute Tox. 4	H332			
A.3	serious eye damage/eye irritation	2A	Eye Irrit. 2A	H319			

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

#### 2.2 Label elements

#### Labelling acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Signal word warning

s
Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.
Causes serious eye irritation.
tements
Avoid breathing mist/vapors/spray.
Wash thoroughly after handling.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell.
Rinse mouth.
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/interna- tional regulations.

# 2.3 Other hazards

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

#### **Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

## 3.1 Substances

Name of substance	benzyl alcohol	
Identifiers		
CAS No	100-51-6	
Molecular formula	С7Н8О	

Molar mass

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%
benzyl alcohol	CAS No 100-51-6	≥ 90
dibenzyl ether	CAS No 103-50-4	0.1 - < 0.3

108.1 <sup>g</sup>/<sub>mol</sub>

#### **SECTION 4: First-aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first-aid measures

#### **General notes**

Self-protection of the first aider. Remove affected person from the danger area and lay down. Do not leave affected person unattended. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

#### Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions.

#### Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

#### Following eye contact

In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

#### **Following ingestion**

Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. Get medical advice/attention.

#### Notes for the doctor

None.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Following inhalation: Dizziness, Headache, Unconsciousness, Nausea.

# 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

None.

#### **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

water spray, alcohol resistant foam, fire extinguishing powder, carbon dioxide (CO2)

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

# 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous decomposition products: Section 10. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

#### Hazardous combustion products

carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO2), pyrolysis products, toxic

## 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Keep containers cool with water spray. In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Coordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

#### Special protective equipment for firefighters

chemical protection suit, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA)

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety. Ventilate affected area. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wearing of suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing.

#### For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapors/dust/aerosols/gases.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### Advice on how to clean up a spill

Collect spillage. Absorbent material (e.g. sand, diatomaceous earth, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust, etc.).

#### Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

#### Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

#### Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

#### Specific notes/details

None.

#### Handling of incompatible substances or mixtures

#### Keep away from

oxidizers

#### Measures to protect the environment

Avoid release to the environment.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### **Explosive atmospheres**

Store at temperatures not exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

#### Flammability hazards

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

#### Incompatible substances or mixtures

Incompatible materials: see section 10. Observe compatible storage of chemicals.

#### Protect against external exposure, such as

heat, humidity, direct light irradiation, sunlight

#### **Consideration of other advice**

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a dry place. Store in a closed container.

#### **Ventilation requirements**

Keep any substance that emits harmful vapors or gases in a place that allows these to be permanently extracted.

Provision of sufficient ventilation.

#### Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Handle under inert gas. Protect from moisture.

#### **Storage temperature** recommended storage temperature: <50 °C

#### **Packaging compatibilities**

Keep only in original container.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

**Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)** This information is not available

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### **Appropriate engineering controls**

Use local and general ventilation.

#### Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

#### **Eye/face protection**

Wear eye/face protection.

#### Hand protection

Protective gloves						
Material	Material thickness	Breakthrough times of the glove material				
IIR: isobutene-isoprene (butyl) rubber	≥ 0,5 mm	>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)				
FKM: fluoro-elastomer	≥ 0,4 mm	>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)				
PVC: polyvinyl chloride	≥ 0,5 mm	>120 minutes (permeation: level 4)				

Wear suitable gloves.

Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374.

Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use.

For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

#### **Body protection**

Protective clothing against liquid chemicals.

# **Respiratory protection**

Filtering device (EN 147). Type : A (against organic gases and vapors with a boiling point of > 65 °C , color code: Brown).

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

#### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	liquid
Color	clear - colorless
Odor	light Aromatic
Other safety parameters	
pH (value)	not applicable
Melting point/freezing point	-15.4 °C
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	205.3 °C at 1,013 hPa
Flash point	100.4 °C (closed cup)
Evaporation rate	not determined
Flammability (solid, gas)	not relevant (fluid)
Explosive limits	
Vapor pressure	0.07 hPa at 20 °C
Density	1.045 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>cm³</sub> at 20 °C
Relative density	this information is not available
Relative density / Relative vapour density	these information are not available
Solubility(ies)	
Water solubility	40 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>l</sub> at 25 °C
Partition coefficient	
n-octanol/water (log KOW)	1.05

Soil organic carbon/water (log KOC)	1.122 – 1.332 (QSAR)
Auto-ignition temperature	436 °C
Decomposition temperature	not relevant
Viscosity	
Kinematic viscosity	5.59 <sup>mm²</sup> / <sub>s</sub> at 20 °C (calculated)
Dynamic viscosity	5.84 mPa s at 20 °C
Explosive properties	not explosive, vapors may form explosive mix- tures with air
Oxidizing properties	none
Information for relevant hazard classes according to GHS	hazard classes acc. to GHS (physical hazards): not relevant
Other information	
Temperature class (USA, acc. to NEC 500)	T2 (maximum permissible surface temperature on the equip- ment: 300°C)

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

9.2

This material is not reactive under normal ambient conditions.

# 10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure. See below "Conditions to avoid".

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

High temperatures (>180°C): Dangerous/dangerous reactions with: Aluminum, Acid Strong oxidizer, (Sulphuric acid) + Iron.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. UV-radiation/sunlight. Humidity.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

oxidizers

#### **10.6** Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known.

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

If not otherwise specified the classification is based on:

Animal studies; Evidence from any other toxicity tests; Expert judgment (weight of evidence determination).

#### Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

#### Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed.

Harmful if inhaled.

#### Dermal

Classification could not be established because:

Data are lacking, inconclusive, or conclusive but not sufficient for classification.

	Exposure route Endpoint		Value	Species	Method	
oral LD50		LD50	1,620 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rat, male	-	
	inhalation: dust/mist	LC50	>4,178 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>m³</sub> /4h	rat	OECD Guideline 403	

#### Acute toxicity of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method
benzyl alcohol	100-51-6	oral	LD50	1,620 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rat, male	-
benzyl alcohol	100-51-6	inhalation: dust/mist	LC50	>4,178 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>m³</sub> /4h	rat	OECD Guideline 403
dibenzyl ether	103-50-4	oral	LD50	3,860 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rat	OECD Guideline 401
dibenzyl ether	103-50-4	dermal	LD50	>5,370 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rabbit	OECD Guideline 402

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Classification could not be established because: Data are lacking, inconclusive, or conclusive but not sufficient for classification.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation. (ECHA, OECD Guideline 405)

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization Skin sensitization

Shall not be classified as a skin sensitizer. (ECHA, OECD Guideline 429, expert judgment (weight of evidence determination))

#### **Respiratory sensitization**

Classification could not be established because: Data are lacking, inconclusive, or conclusive but not sufficient for classification.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic. (ECHA, OECD Guideline 474)

#### Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic. (ECHA, OECD Guideline 451)

#### **IARC Monographs**

not listed

#### National Toxicology Program (United States)

not listed

#### **OSHA** Carcinogens

Not listed.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant. (ECHA)

# Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

#### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Expos- ure time	Species	Method	Notes
oral	NOAEL	400 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg bw</sub> / day		rat	OECD Guideline 451	
inhalation: dust/mist	NOAEC	1,072 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>m³</sub>	28 d	rat	OECD Guideline 412	6 hours per day on a 5-day/ week

# Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

# 11.2 Other information

There is no additional information.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

# 12.1 Toxicity

# Aquatic toxicity (acute)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Exposure time
LC50	460 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	EPA OPP 72-1	96 h
EC50	230 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202	48 h
EC50	500 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae (pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	OECD Guideline 201	72 h
ErC50	770 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae (pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	OECD Guideline 201	72 h

#### Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Expos- ure time	Value	Species	Method
benzyl alcohol	100-51-6	LC50	96 h	460 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fathead minnow (Pimephales pro- melas)	EPA OPP 72-1
benzyl alcohol	100-51-6	EC50	48 h	230 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202
benzyl alcohol	100-51-6	EC50	72 h	500 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae (pseudokirchneri- ella subcapitata)	OECD Guideline 201
benzyl alcohol	100-51-6	ErC50	72 h	770 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae (pseudokirchneri- ella subcapitata)	OECD Guideline 201
dibenzyl ether	103-50-4	LC50	96 h	6.8 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	japanese ricefish/ medaka (Oryzias latipes)	OECD Guideline 203
dibenzyl ether	103-50-4	EC50	48 h	0.77 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Daphnia carinata	OECD Guideline 202
dibenzyl ether	103-50-4	ErC50	72 h	4.1 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae (raphidocel- is subcapitata)	OECD Guideline 201
dibenzyl ether	103-50-4	EbC50	72 h	1.6 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae (raphidocel- is subcapitata)	OECD Guideline 201

# Aquatic toxicity (chronic)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# **Benzyl Alcohol**

Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Exposure time
EC50	66 <sup>mg</sup> /l	daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 211	21 d
NOEC	51 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 211	21 d
NOEC	310 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae (Desmodesmus sub- spicatus)	OECD Guideline 201	72 h

# Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Expos- ure time	Value	Species	Method
benzyl alcohol	100-51-6	EC50	21 d	66 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 211
benzyl alcohol	100-51-6	NOEC	21 d	51 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 211
benzyl alcohol	100-51-6	NOEC	72 h	310 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae (Desmod- esmus sub- spicatus)	OECD Guideline 201
dibenzyl ether	103-50-4	LC50	21 d	2.2 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	japanese ricefish/ medaka (Oryzias latipes)	OECD Guideline 204
dibenzyl ether	103-50-4	ErC50	21 d	0.76 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202, Part II
dibenzyl ether	103-50-4	EC50	30 min	138 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	microorganisms	-
dibenzyl ether	103-50-4	NOEC	21 d	0.48 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	japanese ricefish/ medaka (Oryzias latipes)	OECD Guideline 204
dibenzyl ether	103-50-4	NOEC	21 d	0.098 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202
dibenzyl ether	103-50-4	NOEC	72 h	1 <sup>mg</sup> /I	algae (raphidocel- is subcapitata)	OECD Guideline 201
dibenzyl ether	103-50-4	LOEC	21 d	2.2 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	japanese ricefish/ medaka (Oryzias latipes)	OECD Guideline 204
dibenzyl ether	103-50-4	LOEC	21 d	0.23 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202, Part II
dibenzyl ether	103-50-4	LOEC	72 h	0.32 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae (raphidocel- is subcapitata)	OECD Guideline 201

# 12.2 Persistence and degradability

# Biodegradation

The substance is readily biodegradable.

Process of degradability				
Process	Degradation rate	Time	Method	
oxygen depletion	92 – 96 %	14 d	OECD Guideline 301 C	
DOC removal	95 %	21 d	OECD Guideline 301 A	

# Degradability of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Process	Degradation rate	Time	Method
benzyl alcohol	100-51-6	oxygen depletion	92 – 96 %	14 d	OECD Guideline 301 C
benzyl alcohol	100-51-6	DOC removal	95 %	21 d	OECD Guideline 301 A
dibenzyl ether	103-50-4	oxygen depletion	7 %	14 d	OECD Guideline 301 C

#### Persistence

No data available.

# 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

n-octanol/water (log KOW)

1.05

#### Bioaccumulative potential of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	BCF	Log KOW
benzyl alcohol	100-51-6	-	0.87 – 1.05 (20 °C)
dibenzyl ether	103-50-4	≥171 - ≤429	3.31

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

The Organic Carbon normalised adsorption	1.122 – 1.332
coefficient	(QSAR)

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

# 12.6 Other adverse effects

Not listed.

This information is not available.

# Remarks

None.

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

#### Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

#### Waste treatment of containers/packages

Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

#### Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions.

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.1 **UN number** not assigned 14.2 UN proper shipping name 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 14.4 Packing group 14.5 **Environmental hazards** 14.6 Special precautions for user 14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

#### 14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

# Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT) Additional information

Not subject to transport regulations.

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

#### **National regulations (United States)**

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) Substance is listed as "ACTIVE"

#### Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act (SARA TITLE III )

The List of Extremely Hazardous Substances and Their Threshold Planning Quantities (EPCRA Section 302, 304)

Not listed

Specific Toxic Chemical Listings (EPCRA Section 313)

## Not listed

# Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA)

# List of Hazardous Substances and Reportable Quantities (CERCLA section 102a) (40 CFR 302.4) Not listed

Not listed

# Clean Air Act

Not listed

#### **Right to Know Hazardous Substance List**

#### Cleaning Product Right to Know Act Substance List (CA-RTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	Functionality	Authoritative Lists
benzyl alcohol	100-51-6	-	EU Fragrance Allergens

#### Toxic or Hazardous Substance List (MA-TURA)

Not listed

#### Hazardous Substances List (MN-ERTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	References	Remarks
benzyl alcohol	100-51-6	Ι	-

Legend

I American Industrial Hygiene Association (AIHA), "Workplace Environmental Exposure Level Guides" (1992), available from AIHA

#### Hazardous Substance List (NJ-RTK)

Not listed

#### Hazardous Substance List (Chapter 323) (PA-RTK)

Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Classification
BENZENEMETHANOL	100-51-6	-

#### Hazardous Substance List (RI-RTK)

Not listed

# California Environmental Protection Agency (Cal/EPA): Proposition 65 - Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1987

Not listed

# Drug precursors, Chemicals designated within the Controlled Substances Act, 21 U.S.C. § 802, paragraphs 34 (list I) and 35 (list II)

Not listed

#### **VOC content**

Regulated Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC-EPA)

# Regulated Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC-Cal ARB)

0 %

#### Industry or sector specific available guidance(s)

#### NPCA-HMIS® III

Hazardous Materials Identification System. American Coatings Association.

Category	Rating	Description
Chronic	/	none
Health	2	temporary or minor injury may occur
Flammability	1	material that must be preheated before ignition can occur
Physical hazard	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will not react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-explosive
Personal protection	-	-

#### **NFPA® 704**

National Fire Protection Association: Standard System for the Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response (United States).

Category	Degree of hazard	Description
Flammability	1	material that must be preheated before ignition can occur
Health	2	material that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury
Instability	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions
Special hazard	-	-

#### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance by the supplier.

## SECTION 16: Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Date of preparation: 2023-02-07

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
49 CFR US DOT	49 CFR U.S. Department of Transportation
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
Cal ARB	California Air Resources Board
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical sub- stances)

# **Benzyl Alcohol**

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations	
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)	
EbC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control	
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance caus- ing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval	
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency. An agency of the federal government of the United States charged with protecting human health and the environment	
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control	
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations	
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer	
IARC Mono- graphs	IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans	
IATA	International Air Transport Association	
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)	
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code	
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval	
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality dur- ing a specified time interval	
LOEC	Lowest Observed Effect Concentration	
log KOW	n-Octanol/water	
NOAEC	No Observed Adverse Effect Concentration	
NOAEL	No Observed Adverse Effect Level	
NOEC	No Observed Effect Concentration	
NPCA-HMIS® III	National Paint and Coatings Association: Hazardous Materials Identification System - HMIS® III, Third Edition	
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration (United States)	
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic	
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds	
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative	

# Key literature references and sources for data

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

# List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.

# Responsible for the safety data sheet

Chemical Regulatory Compliance Company	Telephone: +1 (630) 410-1660
Jasper, GA	e-Mail: GHS@crc-us.com
USA	Website: www.crc-us.com

#### Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.