

Safety Data Sheet

29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

Hydrogenated Castor Oil

Version number: 1.0

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1 Product identifier

Identification of the substanceCastor oil, hydrogenated

Trade name Hydrogenated Castor Oil

CAS number 8001-78-3

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses Thickening agent

Emulsion

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Valudor Products, LLC
Telephone: +1 (760) 635 8500
179 Calle Magdalena Suite 100
e-mail: info@valudor.com
Encinitas, California CA 92024
Website: www.valudor.com

United States

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information 800-535-5053 (Infotrac)

As above or nearest toxicological information centre.

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Classification					
Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and category	Hazard state- ment	
B.cD	combustible dust	Comb. Dust	cD	OSHA003	

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

2.2 Label elements

Labelling acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Signal word warning

Pictograms Not required.

United States: en Page: 1 / 15

Hazard statements

OSHA003 May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

2.3 Other hazards

Dust explosion hazards.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Name of substance Castor oil, hydrogenated

Identifiers

CAS No 8001-78-3

Molecular formula C57H110O9

Molar mass 939.5 g/_{mol}

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1 Description of first-aid measures

General notes

Self-protection of the first aider.

Remove affected person from the danger area and lay down.

Do not leave affected person unattended.

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following inhalation

Provide fresh air.

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions.

Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Following eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting.

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Notes for the doctor

None.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

This information is not available.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

None.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

water, foam, alcohol resistant foam, fire extinguishing powder

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible.

Hazardous decomposition products: Section 10.

Danger of dust explosion.

Deposited combustible dust has considerable explosion potential.

Hazardous combustion products

carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO2)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Keep containers cool with water spray.

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

Coordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings.

Collect contaminated firefighting water separately.

Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

Special protective equipment for firefighters

eye and face protection, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA)

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

Ventilate affected area.

Control of dust.

Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

Do not breathe dust.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Wearing of suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing.

United States: en Page: 3 / 15

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapors/dust/aerosols/gases.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Knock down dust with water spray.

Remove from the water surface (e.g. skimming, sucking).

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Collect spillage.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal.

Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

Personal protective equipment: see section 8.

Incompatible materials: see section 10.

Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation.

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Removal of dust deposits.

Only vacuum cleaners containing no ignition sources may be used for combustible dusts.

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Specific notes/details

Layers, deposits and heaps of combustible dust must be considered, like any other source which can form a hazardous explosive atmosphere.

Dust deposits may accumulate on all deposition surfaces in a technical room.

Danger of dust explosion.

Measures to protect the environment

Avoid release to the environment.

United States: en Page: 4 / 15

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

Do not breathe dust.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Wash hands after use.

Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Explosive atmospheres

Removal of dust deposits.

Only vacuum cleaners containing no ignition sources may be used for combustible dusts.

Flammability hazards

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Incompatible materials: see section 10.

Protect against external exposure, such as

heat, UV-radiation/sunlight

Consideration of other advice

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Ventilation requirements

Provision of sufficient ventilation.

Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place.

Keep in a cool place.

Packaging compatibilities

Keep only in original container.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, a TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

United States: en Page: 5 / 15

Occupati	Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)					
Country	Name of agent	Identifier	TWA [mg/ m³]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Notation	Source
US	Particulates not other- wise regulated	PEL (CA)	10	-	dust	Cal/OSHA PEL
US	Particulates not other- wise regulated	PEL (CA)	5	-	r	Cal/OSHA PEL
US	particulates not other- wise classified	REL	-	-	appx-D	NIOSH REL
US	particulates not other- wise classified (PNOC)	PEL	15	-	partml, i, dust	29 CFR 1910.1000
US	particulates not other- wise classified (PNOC)	PEL	5	-	partml, r, dust	29 CFR 1910.1000

Notation

appx-D see Appendix D - Substances with No Established RELs

dust as dust

i inhalable fractionpartml particles/mlr respirable fraction

STEL short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-

minute period (unless otherwise specified)

TWA time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of

8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Use local and general ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

Hand protection

Protective gloves			
Material	Material thickness	Breakthrough times of the glove material	
CR: chloroprene (chlorobutadiene) rubber	≥ 0,5 mm	>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)	
NBR: acrylonitrile-butadiene rubber	≥ 0,4 mm	>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)	
PVC: polyvinyl chloride	≥ 0,5 mm	>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)	

United States: en Page: 6 / 15

Wear suitable gloves.

Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374.

Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use.

For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

Body protection

Protective clothing for use against solid particulates.

Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Particle filter device (DIN EN 143).

Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination.

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state solid

Solid in various forms: powder, flakes

Color white

Odor like vegetable oils

Odor threshold not determined

Other safety parameters

pH (value) not applicable

Melting point/freezing point 82 – 87 °C

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling >300 °C

range

Flash point >310 °C

Evaporation rate not determined

Flammability (solid, gas) this material is combustible, but will not ignite

readily

Explosive limits

not determined

Explosion limits of dust clouds not determined

Vapor pressure 3.81E-34 Pa at 25 °C

United States: en Page: 7 / 15

Density 0.93 g/_{cm³} at 25 °C

Relative density 0.99 at 25 °C (water = 1)

Relative vapour density not applicable

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility <0.05 ^{mg}/_l at 20 °C

Partition coefficient

n-octanol/water (log KOW) 18.75

(QSAR)

Auto-ignition temperature not determined

Decomposition temperature not relevant

Viscosity not relevant

(solid)

Explosive properties dust explosion hazards

Oxidizing properties none

Information for relevant hazard classes

according to GHS

there is no additional information

9.2 Other information there is no additional information

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

This material is not reactive under normal ambient conditions.

10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

See below "Conditions to avoid".

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Danger of dust explosion.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. UV-radiation/sunlight.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

10.5 Incompatible materials

acids, bases, oxidizers

United States: en Page: 8 / 15

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known.

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

If not otherwise specified the classification is based on:

Animal studies; Evidence from any other toxicity tests; Expert judgment (weight of evidence determination).

Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method
oral	LD50	>20,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat	OECD Guideline 401
dermal	LD50	>2,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat	79/831/EWG, Annex V, Part B

Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin. (EPA OPP 81-5)

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant. (EPA OPP 81-4, read-across)

Respiratory or skin sensitization Skin sensitization

Shall not be classified as a skin sensitizer.

(79(831/EWG, Annex V, Part B)

Respiratory sensitization

Classification could not be established because:

Data are lacking, inconclusive, or conclusive but not sufficient for classification.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

(OECD Guideline 471, OECD Guideline 473, OECD Guideline 474, OECD Guideline 476)

United States: en Page: 9 / 15

Carcinogenicity

IARC Monographs

not listed

National Toxicology Program (United States)

not listed

OSHA Carcinogens

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant. (OECD Guideline 422, read-across)

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Expos- ure time	Species	Method	Notes
oral	NOAEL	~5,000 ^{mg} / _{kg} _{bw} /day	90 d	rat	OECD Guideline 408	read-across
oral	NOEC	1,000 ^{mg} / _{kg bw} / day		rat	OECD Guideline 422	read-across

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

11.2 Other information

There is no additional information.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Aquatic toxicity (acute)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Exposure time
LC50	>10,000 ^{mg} / _l	zebra fish (Danio rerio)	ISO 7346-1	96 h
EL50	>100 ^{mg} / _l	daphnia magna	EU method C.2	48 h
ErC50	>100 ^{mg} / _I	algae (Desmodesmus sub- spicatus)	EU method C.3	72 h

United States: en Page: 10 / 15

Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Exposure time
EC50	>10 ^{µg} / _l	algae (Desmodesmus sub- spicatus)	EU method C.3	72 h

Aquatic toxicity (chronic)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Exposure time
NOEC	≥0.01 ^{mg} / _l	daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 211	21 d
LOEC	>0.01 ^{mg} / _l	daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 211	21 d

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradation

The substance is readily biodegradable.

Process of degradability			
Process	Degradation rate	Time	Method
oxygen depletion	64 %	28 d	ISO 10708

Persistence

No data available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

n-octanol/water (log KOW) 18.75

(QSAR)

12.4 Mobility in soil

Henry's law constant $0^{\text{ Pa m}^3}$ /_{mol} at 25 °C

(QSAR)

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

Remarks

None.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

Waste treatment of containers/packages

Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1	UN number	not assigned
14.2	UN proper shipping name	-
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	-
14.4	Packing group	-
14.5	Environmental hazards	-
14.6	Special precautions for user	-
14.7	Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	-

14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT) Additional information Not subject to transport regulations.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

National regulations (United States)

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)Substance is listed (ACTIVE)

Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act (SARA TITLE III)

The List of Extremely Hazardous Substances and Their Threshold Planning Quantities (EPCRA Section 302, 304)

Not listed

Specific Toxic Chemical Listings (EPCRA Section 313)

United States: en Page: 12 / 15

Not listed

Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA)

List of Hazardous Substances and Reportable Quantities (CERCLA section 102a) (40 CFR 302.4)

Not listed

Clean Air Act

Not listed

Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

Toxic or Hazardous Substance List (MA-TURA)

Not listed

Hazardous Substances List (MN-ERTK)

Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	References	Remarks
Castor oil, hydrogenated	Stearates	-	Α	-

Legend

A American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH), "Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents and Biological Exposure Indices for 1992-93", available from ACGIH

Hazardous Substance List (NJ-RTK)

Not listed

Hazardous Substance List (Chapter 323) (PA-RTK)

Not listed

Hazardous Substance List (RI-RTK)

Not listed

California Environmental Protection Agency (Cal/EPA): Proposition 65 - Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1987

Not listed

Drug precursors, Chemicals designated within the Controlled Substances Act, 21 U.S.C. § 802, paragraphs 34 (list I) and 35 (list II)

Not listed

SECTION 16: Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Date of preparation: 2023-09-06

Abbreviations and acronyms

United States: en Page: 13 / 15

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
29 CFR 1910.1000	29 CFR 1910.1000, Tables Z-1, Z-2, Z-3 - Occupational Safety and Health Standards: Toxic and Hazard- ous Substances (permissible exposure limits)
49 CFR US DOT	49 CFR U.S. Department of Transportation
Cal/OSHA PEL	California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA): Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs)
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
EL50	Effective Loading 50 %: the EL50 corresponds to the loading rate required to produce a response in 50% of the test organisms
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
IARC Mono- graphs	IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LOEC	Lowest Observed Effect Concentration
NIOSH REL	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH): Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)
NOAEL	No Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOEC	No Observed Effect Concentration
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration (United States)
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PEL	Permissible exposure limit
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
TWA	Time-weighted average
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

United States: en Page: 14 / 15

Key literature references and sources for data

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT).

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG).

Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
OSHA003	May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

Responsible for the safety data sheet

Chemical Regulatory Compliance Company
Telephone: +1 (630) 410-1660
e-Mail: GHS@crc-us.com
Website: www.crc-us.com

USA

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

United States: en Page: 15 / 15